



# HIGH RISK PREGNANCY SCORE CARD

## Key Performance Indicators (%), HMIS

(All India across States/UTs, up to February 2021)



States/Union Territories	Prevalence				Treatment			Index	Rank	Rank (Jan 2021)
	Any Anemia	Severe Anemia	Gestational diabetes mellitus	Blood Pressure	Severe Anemia	Gestational diabetes mellitus	Blood Pressure			
<b>All India</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>69</b>	-	-
<b>States</b>										
Nagaland	16	0.4	0.0	1.4	61	67	68	83	1	1
Goa	19	1.0	4.3	4.8	83	17	95*	81	2	2
Jharkhand	47	1.4	0.1	1.2	65	67	78	80	3	3
Gujarat	71	4.8	0.3	1.7	87	56	63	76	4	12
Maharashtra	82	3.3	0.3	2.0	90	40	85	75	5	7
Kerala	28	1.1	3.8	3.9	53	32	65	73	6	4
Manipur	9	0.5	0.2	0.9	77	0	43	73	7	5
Odisha	65	1.5	0.1	1.7	88	23	62	72	8	10
Andhra Pradesh	73	1.8	0.2	1.7	68	35	76	72	9	6
Tripura	50	1.0	0.0	2.4	69	8	70	71	10	9
Chhattisgarh	78	2.0	0.4	2.0	79	8	86	70	11	16
West Bengal	48	0.9	0.3	3.6	72	11	61	70	12	11
Uttarakhand	60	1.7	0.1	1.4	91	0	61	70	13	14
Rajasthan	79	3.3	0.1	1.3	73	16	82	70	14	13
Sikkim	31	2.2	0.0	3.1	46	0	75	69	15	15
Arunachal Pradesh	29	0.8	0.6	4.4	88	3	25	69	16	19
Bihar	34	1.3	0.1	0.7	41	9	62	68	17	8
Karnataka	81	3.4	1.1	3.8	62	33	67	67	18	17
Meghalaya	71	4.5	0.5	3.9	59	11	81	67	19	20
Uttar Pradesh	51	3.2	0.2	1.5	41	25	53	66	20	18
Madhya Pradesh	79	4.6	0.8	2.6	59	5	78	65	21	22
Haryana	94	5.7	0.3	1.7	58	5	91	64	22	21
Punjab	85	2.3	0.0	1.5	63	15	61	64	23	23
Himachal Pradesh	86	0.7	1.3	1.8	52	6	78	64	24	24
Assam	65	2.6	0.1	2.7	47	3	63	63	25	25
Tamil Nadu	95*	8.2	2.8	5.3	37	33	72	61	26	27
Telangana	76	6.0	0.3	2.1	47	4	61	61	27	26
Mizoram	73	0.6	0.2	1.3	27	6	68	61	28	28
<b>Union Territories (UTs)</b>										
NCT of Delhi	26	2.2	1.2	2.7	89	26	80	81	1	1
Puducherry	32	1.1	2.1	2.6	71	26	94	79	2	2
Lakshwadeep	95*	1.2	4.9	3.6	95*	63	95*	78	3	3
Chandigarh	48	2.4	2.3	7.0	95*	22	84	77	4	4
The D&NH and DD	63	3.0	0.7	5.7	95*	22	95*	77	5	5
Jammu & Kashmir	67	10.4	0.7	2.5	95*	24	85	75	6	7
A & N Islands	83	2.0	0.8	2.7	57	30	95*	71	7	6
Ladakh	58	2.4	0.6	2.9	18	9	84	64	8	8

Indicator Range for Positive Indicators

0.0 – 24.9%



25.0 – 49.9%



50.0 – 74.9%



75.0 – 95.0%



Indicator Range (reverse for negative indicators)

75.0 – 95.0%



50.0 – 74.9%



25.0 – 49.9%



0.0 – 24.9%



Indicator Range for Prevalence of Severe Anemia GDB & BP

4 or more %



3.0 – 3.9%



2.0 – 2.9%



1.9 or less %



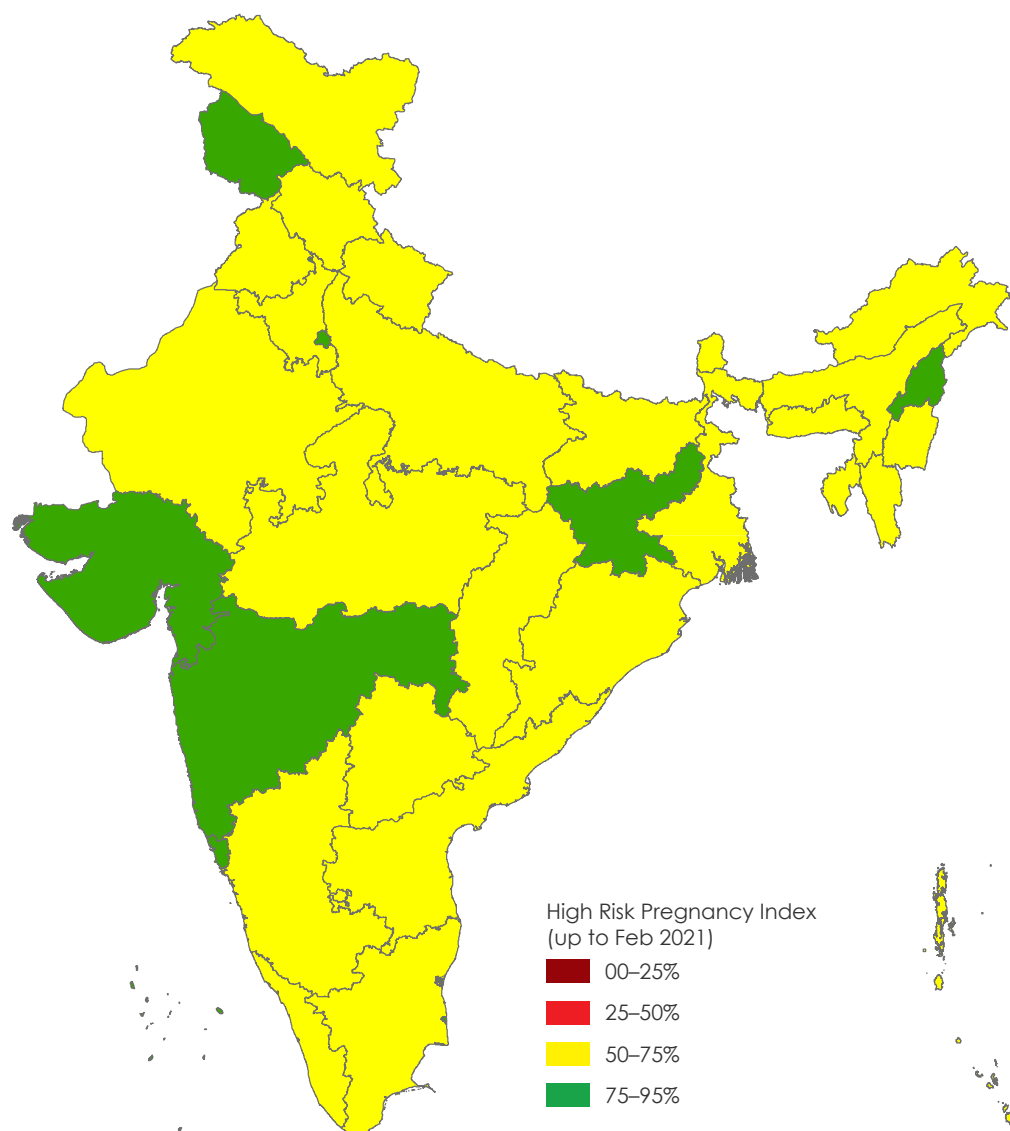
1. High Risk Pregnancy Index: The index is calculated as the simple mean of six selected coverage key performance indicators. The indicators of Treatment are taken as positive indicators while the indicators of Prevalence are taken as negative indicators.

2. Numerators & Denominators are from HMIS Standard Report 2020-21 (up to February 2021).

3. States/UTs are ranked based on High Risk Pregnancy index with State/UT having highest index value ranked first and so on.

\* 95 % is considered as the ceiling value for HMIS coverage for States/UTs.

## High Risk Pregnancy Index, 2020-21 (up to February 2021)



States / UTs	Index 2020-21	
	Value	Rank
<b>All India</b>	<b>69</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>States</b>		
Nagaland	83	1
Goa	81	2
Jharkhand	80	3
Gujarat	76	4
Maharashtra	75	5
Kerala	73	6
Manipur	73	7
Odisha	72	8
Andhra Pradesh	72	9
Tripura	71	10
Chhattisgarh	70	11
West Bengal	70	12
Uttarakhand	70	13
Rajasthan	70	14
Sikkim	69	15
Arunachal Pradesh	69	16
Bihar	68	17
Karnataka	67	18
Meghalaya	67	19
Uttar Pradesh	66	20
Madhya Pradesh	65	21
Haryana	64	22
Punjab	64	23
Himachal Pradesh	64	24
Assam	63	25
Tamil Nadu	61	26
Telangana	61	27
Mizoram	61	28
<b>Union Territories (UTs)</b>		
NCT of Delhi	81	1
Puduchery	79	2
Lakshwadeep	79	3
Chandigarh	78	4
The D&NH and DD	76	5
Jammu & Kashmir	75	6
A & N Islands	70	7
Ladakh	68	8

### About High Risk Pregnancy Score Card

In India, despite of substantial reduction in MMR (22% decline in maternal mortality ratio (MMR), from 167 (2011-2013) to 130 (2014-2016) deaths per 100,000 live births), progress on maternal malnutrition and its related adversities has been slow. The WHO has placed substantial emphasis on nutrition assessment and provision of a set of nutrition interventions including provision of balanced energy protein supplementation, iron folic acid (IFA), and calcium supplementation, deworming, gestational weight gain monitoring and counselling on nutrition, family planning and breastfeeding coupled with efforts to prevent and treat maternal infections and anemia.

The High Risk Pregnancy Score Card is developed with an objective to provide information on coverage of reported high risk pregnancy indicators across pregnant women to support assessment of progress and performance of the maternal nutrition interventions. The Score Card is based on data from Health Management Information System (HMIS). State/UT are ranked in descending order of the mean coverage whereby State/UT with best performance is ranked first.

This scorecard is prepared by Institute of Economic Growth (IEG) in collaboration with UNICEF.